Programmes Outcomes, Programmes specific out comes and course outcomes of the different programmes running at Govt. Degree College Sarkaghat, District Mandi (Himachal Pradesh)-175024

1. B.Sc.(Physics, chemistry, Physical science with computer, Maths, Zoology and Botany)

B.Sc Course in Physics

The student graduating with the Degree B.Sc will

•Acquire a fundamental/systematic or coherent understanding of the academic field of Physics, its different learning areas and applications in basic Physics like Astrophysics, Material science, Nuclear and Particle Physics, Condensed matter Physics, Atomic and Molecular Physics, Mathematical Physics, Analytical dynamics, Spacescience, and the standard science of t

disciplinaryareas/subjectslikeChemistry,Mathematics,Lifesciences,Environmenta

sciences, Atmospheric Physics, Computer science & Information Technology.

• Demonstrate the ability to use skills in Physics and its related areas of technology for formulating and tackling Physics-related problems and identifying and applying appropriate physical principles and methodologies to solve a wide range of problems associated with Physics.

• Plan and execute Physics-related experiments or investigations, analyze and interpret data/information collected using appropriate methods, including the use of appropriate software such as programming languages and purpose-written packages, and report accurately the findings of the experiment/investigations while relating the conclusions/findings to relevant theories of Physics

COURSE SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

C-I: MECHANICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

After going through the course, the student should be able to

• Understand laws of motion and their application to various dynamical situations, notion of inertial frames and concept of Galilean invariance, conservation of energy, momentum, angular momentum, phenomena of collisions and idea about center of mass and laboratory frames and their correlation, the principles of elasticity through the study of Young Modulus and modulus ofrigidity, apply Kepler's law to describe the motion of planets and satellite in circular orbit, through the study of law of Gravitation.

C-II: ELECTRCITY AND MAGNETISM

(i) Course learningoutcome:

After going through the course, the student should be able to

• Demonstrate Gauss law, Coulomb's law for the electric field, and apply it to systems of point charges as well as line, surface, and volume distributions of charges.

• Articulate knowledge of electric current, resistance and capacitance in terms of electric field and electricpotential, explain Faraday-Lenz and Maxwell laws to articulate the relationship between electric and magneticfields and Understand the dielectric properties, magnetic properties of materials.

C-III: WAVES AND OPTICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

This course will enable the student to

- Recognize and use a mathematical oscillator equation and wave equation
- Apply basic knowledge of principles and theories about the behaviour of light
- Use the principles of wave motion and superposition to explain the Physics of polarisation, interference and diffraction.

C-IV: STATISTICAL AND THERMAL PHYSICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

• Comprehend the basic concepts of thermodynamics, the first and the second law of thermodynamics, the concept of entropy and the associated theorems, the thermodynamic potentials and their physicalinterpretations.

• Learn about Maxwell's thermodynamicrelation, basic aspects of kinetic theory of gases, Maxwell-Boltzman distribution law, equitation of energies, mean free path of molecular collisions, viscosity, thermal conductivity, diffusion and Brownianmotion, real gas equations, Van der Waal equation of state, the Joule-Thompsoneffect.

• Understand the concepts of microstate, macrostate, ensemble, phase space, thermodynamic probability and partitionfunction, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, Bose-Einstein distribution and Fermi-Dirac distribution laws of particles and theirderivation, the concept of Fermi energy and Fermi level.

C-V: ELEMENTS OF MODERN PHYSICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

- Know main aspects of the inadequacies of classical mechanics and understand historical development of quantum mechanics and ability to discuss and interpret experiments that reveal the dual nature of matter.
- Understand the central concepts of quantum mechanics: wave functions, momentum and energy operator, the Schrodinger equation, time dependent and time independent cases, probability density and the normalization techniques, skill development on problem solving e.g. one dimensional rigid box, tunneling through potential barrier, step potential, rectangularbarrier.
- Understanding the properties of nuclei like density, size, binding energy, nuclear forces and structure of atomic nucleus, liquid drop model and nuclear shell model and mass formula, fission and fusion well as nuclear processes to produce nuclear energy.

C-VI: QUANTUM MECHANICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

This course will enable the student to get familiar with quantum mechanics formulation.

- After an exposition of inadequacies of classical mechanics in explaining microscopic phenomena, quantum theory formulation is introduced through Schrodingerequation.
- The interpretation of wave function of quantum particle and probabilistic nature of its location and subtler points of quantum phenomena are exposed to thestudent.

- Through understanding the behavior of quantum particle encountering a i) barrier, ii) potential, the student gets exposed to solving non-relativistic hydrogen atom, for its spectrum and eigen functions.
- Study of influence of electric and magnetic fields on atoms will help in understanding Stark effect and Zeeman Effectrespectively.

C-VII: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

At the end of the course the student will learn and assimilate the following.

- A brief idea about crystalline and amorphous substances, about lattice, unit cell, miller indices, reciprocal lattice, concept of Brillouin zones and diffraction of X-rays by crystallinematerials.
- Knowledge of lattice vibrations, phonons and in depth of knowledge of Einstein and Debye theory of specific heat ofsolids, different types of magnetism from diamagnetism to ferromagnetism and hysteresis loops and energy loss.
- Understanding above the band theory of solids and must be able to differentiate insulators, conductors and semiconductors.
- Understand the basic idea about superconductors and their classifications.

Skill-based Elective Courses(SEC)

SEC-I: PHYSICS WORKSHOP SKILLS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

• After the successful completion of the course the student is expected to acquire skills/ hands on experience / working knowledge on various machine tools, lathes, shapers, drilling machines, cutting tools, welding sets and also in different gear systems, pulleys etc. He /she will also acquire skills in the usage of multimeters, soldering iron, oscilloscopes, power supplies and relays.

SEC-II: COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

- Learn the importance of computers in solving problems inPhysics.
 - Learn how to plan for writing the algorithm for solving a problem by drawing the flowchart of simple problems like roots of quadratic equationsetc.

- Have a working knowledge about the Linux system, for example, the necessary commands.
- Learn, write and run FORTRAN programs in the Linux system.

SEC-III: ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AND NETWORK SKILLS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

• After the completion of the course the student will acquire necessary skills/ hands on experience /working knowledge on multimeters, voltmeters, ammeters, electric circuit elements, dc power sources, ac/dc generators, inductors, capacitors, transformers, single phase and three phase motors, interfacing dc/ac motors to control and measure, relays and basics of electricalwiring.

SEC-IV: BASIC INSTRUMENTATION SKILLS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

After the successful completion of the course the student is expected to have the necessary working knowledge on accuracy, precision, resolution, range and errors/uncertainty in measurements. He/she will acquire hands on skills in the usage of oscilloscopes, multimeters, multivibrators, rectifiers, amplifiers, oscillators and high voltage probes. He also would have gained knowledge on the working and operations of LCR Bridge, generators, digital meters andcounters.

SEC-V: RENEWABLE ENERGY AND ENERGY HARVESTING

(i) Course learningoutcome:

• The students are expected to learn not only the theories of the renewable sources of energy, but also to have hands-on experiences on them wherever possible. Some of the renewable sources of energy which should be studied here are: (i) off-shore wind energy, (ii) tidal energy, (iii) solar energy, (iv) biogas energy and (v)hydroelectricity.

SEC-VII: RADIATION SAFETY

(i) Course learningoutcome:

- Be aware and understand the hazards of radiation and the safety measures to guard against these hazards.
- Have a comprehensive knowledge about the nature of interaction of matter with radiations like gamma, beta, alpha rays, neutrons etc. and radiation shielding by appropriatematerials.

• Know about the units of radiations and their safety limits, the devises to detect and measure radiation, such as the Geiger-Mueller counter and scintillationcounter.

• The students are expected to learn radiation safety management, biological effects of ionizing radiation, operational limits and basics of radiation hazards evaluation and control, radiation protection standards.

SEC-VIII: APPLIED OPTICS

(i) Course learningoutcome:

This course will enable the student to get

- Familiar with optical phenomena andtechnology.
 - Qualitative understanding of basic lasing mechanism, types of Lasers, characteristics of Laser Light, types of Lasers, and its applications in developing LED, Holography.
 - The idea of propagation of electromagnetic wave in a nonlinear media Fibre optics as an example will enable the student to practice thinking in a logical process, which is essential inscience.

SEC-IX: WEATHER FORECASTING

(i) Course learningoutcome:

- Acquire basic knowledge of the elements of the atmosphere, its composition at various heights, variation of pressure and temperature withheight.
- Knowledge of simple techniques to measure wind speed and its directions, humidity and rainfall. Absorption, emission and scattering of radiations in atmosphere. Radiation laws.
- Knowledge of global wind systems, jet streams, local thunderstorms, tropical cyclones, tornadoes and hurricanes.
- Knowledge of climate and its classification. Understanding various causes of climate change like global warming, air pollution, aerosols, ozone depletion, acidrain.

B.Sc. Mathematics

After the successful completion of this course, the student will:

- Be able to explain the core ideas and the techniques of mathematics upto college level.
- Be able to recognize the power of abstraction and to carry out investigative mathematical work with independent judgment.
- Be able to carry out objective analysis and prediction of quantitative information.

• Be able to communicate effectively about mathematics to both lay and expert audiences utilizing appropriate information and communication technology.

• Be able to work independently, and to collaborate effectively in team work and team building.

• Be able to conduct self-evaluation, and continuously enrich themselves through lifelong learning.

• Be able to communicate to lay audiences and arouse their interest in the beauty and precision of mathematical arguments and science.

• Be able to recognize the importance of compliance with the ethics of science and being a responsible citizen towards their community and a sustainable environment.

• Be able to cultivate a mathematical attitude and nurture the interests. Be able to Recognize and appreciate the connections between theory and applicationsBe able to Exhibit positive attitudes and values toward the discipline, so that they can contribute to an increasingly complex and dynamic society.

Course outcomes

MATRICES

On completion of this course, students will be able to:

- solve a System of Linear equations using the inverse of a matrix
- find characteristic roots and characteristic vectors.
- find the inverse of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem

CALCULUS

After completing this course the learner should be able to

- Find the higher order derivative of the product of two functions.
- Expand a function using Taylor's and Maclaurin's series.
- Conceive the concept of asymptotes and obtain their equations.
- Learn about partial derivatives and its applications.

• Find the area under a given curve, length of an arc of a curve when the equations are given in parametric and polar form.

• Find the area and volume by applying the techniques of double and triple integrals

VECTOR CALCULUS, THEORY OF EQUATIONS AND NUMERICAL METHODS

After completing this course the learner should be able to

• Represent vectors analytically and geometrically, and compute dot and cross products for presentations of lines and planes,

• Analyze vector functions to find derivatives, tangent lines, integrals, arc length, and curvature,

- Compute limits and derivatives of functions of 2 and 3 variables,
- Evaluate double and triple integrals for area and volume,
- Differentiate vector fields
- Determine gradient vector fields and find potential functions .
- Analyze different forms of equations and finding their roots
- Understand relation between roots and coefficients

• Derive numerical methods for approximating the solution of problems of continuous mathematics,

• Analyze the error incumbent in any such numerical approximation,

• Compare the viability of different approaches to the numerical solution of problems arising in roots of solution of non-linear equations, interpolation and approximation, numerical differentiation and integration, solution of linear systems.

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

After studying this course the students should be able to

• Obtain an integrating factor which may reduce a given differential equation into an exact one and eventually provide its solution.

• Identify and obtain the solution of Clairaut's equation.

• Fine the complementary function and particular integrals of linear differential equation.

• Method of solution of the differential equation

• Describe the origin of partial differential equation and distinguish the integrals of first order linear partial differential equation into complete, general and singular integrals.

• Use Lagrange's method for solving the first order linear partial differential equation

• Solve differential equations of first order using graphical, numerical, and analytical methods,

• Solve and apply linear differential equations of second order (and higher),

• Demonstrate their ability to write coherent mathematical proofs and scientific arguments needed to communicate the results obtained from .

ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

After completing this course the learner should be able to

• Assess properties implied by the definitions of groups and rings,

• Use various canonical types of groups (including cyclic groups and groups of permutations) and canonical types of rings (including polynomial rings and modular rings),

• Analyze and demonstrate examples of subgroups, normal subgroups and quotient groups,

- Analyze and demonstrate examples of ideals and quotient rings,
- Use the concepts of isomorphism and homomorphism for groups and rings

• Produce rigorous proofs of propositions arising in the context of abstract algebra.

REAL ANALYSIS

After the completion of this course the student will be able to:

• Identify Continuity and Discontinuity of various functions in different contexts

• Understand Integrability and theorems on integrability

• Recognize the difference between pointwise and uniform convergence of a sequence of functions

• Illustrate the effect of uniform convergence on the limit function with respect to continuity, differentiability, and integrability

COMPLEX ANALYSIS

On completion of this course, the students will be able to

• Compute sums, products, quotients, conjugate, modulus, and argument of complex numbers

• Define and analyze limits and continuity for complex functions as well as consequences of continuity

• Determine whether a given function is differentiable, and if so find its derivative

• Write complex numbers in polar form

• Find all integral roots and all logarithms of nonzero complex numbers

• Evaluate complex contour integrals directly and by the fundamental theorem, apply the Cauchy integral theorem in its various versions, and the Cauchy integral formula

• Represent functions as Taylor, power and Laurent series, classify singularities and poles, find residues and evaluate complex integrals using the residue theorem • Use the Cauchy Residue Theorem to evaluate integrals and sum series

• Identify the isolated singularities of a function and determine whether they are removable, poles, or essential

• Compute Laurent series at an isolated singularity, and determine the residue

• Understand uses of improper integrals in various situations

• Use the residue theorem to compute complex line integrals and real integrals

LINEAR ALGEBRA

Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

• Understand the idea about vector space and metric space

- Analyze finite and infinite dimensional vector spaces and subspaces over a field and their properties, including the basis structure of vector spaces
- Compute with the characteristic polynomial, eigenvectors, eigenvalues and Eigen spaces.

B.Sc. Zoology

After completion of the **B.Sc in zoology** student will gain basic understanding of the morphological and anatomical peculiarities of organisms in the animal kingdom and their phylogenetic relationships with various species. Students gain knowledge and skill in the fundamentals of animal sciences, understands and Analyse complex interactions among the various animals of different phyla, their distribution and their relationship with the environment. Students Understand the complex evolutionary processes and behaviour of animals and Correlates the physiological processes of animals and relationship of organ systems. Students Perform procedures as per laboratory standards in the areas of Taxonomy, Physiology, Ecology, Cell biology, Genetics, Applied Zoology, Clinical science, tools and techniques of Zoology, Toxicology, Entomology, Nematology, Sericulture, Biochemistry, Fish Biology, Animal biotechnology, Immunology and research methodology.

Environmental science gives some basic understanding of the fragile nature of terrestrial environment and the impact of human activity on it. The course offer an Understanding of environmental conservation processes and its importance, pollution control and biodiversity and protection of endangered species.

Medical diagnostics imparts the thorough knowledge of various activities carried out in medical laboratories related to serological and other analysis. This can further help them in vocational activities in medical laboratories.

Apiculture,Sericulture Aquarium fish keeping courses are skill enhancement courses. These courses enable the students to gain knowledge in bee keeping, rearing of silk worms and fish keeping. This can further help them in entrepreneurial ventures related to establish a cottage industry.

Genetics and evolutionary biology imparts the students a basic idea of genes and trends in evolution. It gives and opportunities to Understand various concepts of genetics, its importance in human health and ethical principles in delivering duties.

Insect vectors and diseases provide students an idea of economic importance of insects and infectious diseases caused by the insects.

Applied zoology course offers students a thorough knowledge of application of zoology in daily life and how to implement this knowledge in the areas of farming, animal husbandry, pest control, disease control their knowledge and understanding of Zoology to one's own life and work. It also Develop empathy and love towards the animals.

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

- The study of various applied fields like analytical chemistry, spectroscopy, polymers, cosmetics, pesticides, perfumes and Skill enhancement courses will equip students with the knowledge and skills, which will help them to make a successful career in the respective industries.
- Chemistry being material science will enrich the graduates with better understanding of the physical world around, i.e., the composition of materials, their uses, properties, synthesis and reactions etc.
- Chemistry graduates will learn the proper rules, regulations and procedures for the safe handling, storage and use of chemicals. Hence, they will become eco-friendly and eco-protective. Chemistry graduates will develop the ability to determine hazards associated with the chemicals use and able to eliminate the harmful impacts on the living beings and environment.
- Graduates will be able to use standard laboratory equipment, modern instrumentation and classical techniques to carry out the experiments as well as interpretation of data generated in instrumental chemical analysis.
- The broad knowledge necessary to understand the impact of Chemistry in the global, economic, environmental and social context.
- An ability to use the techniques, skills and modern tools for research activities.

- After pursuing higher education, graduates in Chemistry will become eligible to make successful career like scientists, academician, analysts etc., in different fields likeresearch institute, higher education institutes, industries etc., of national and international repute.
- Chemistry graduates will be the crusaders of the use of clean and green technology for sustainable growth and development.

B.Sc. Botany

After completion of the **B.Sc in Botanyy** student will gain basic understanding of the major groups of organisms with an emphasis on plants and be able to classify them within a phylogenetic framework. Students will be able to compare and contrast the characteristics of plants, algae, and fungi that differentiate them from each other and from other forms of life. Students will be able to explain how plants function at the level of the gene, genome, cell, tissue, flower development. Drawing upon this knowledge, they will be able to give specific examples of the physiological adaptations, development, reproduction and mode of life cycle followed by different forms of plants. Students will be able to explain the ecological interconnectedness of life on earth by tracing energy and nutrient flow through the environment. They will be able to relate the physical features of the environment to the structure of populations, communities, and ecosystems. Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques and methods of analysis appropriate for their area of specialization within botany.

Course outcomes

BIODIVERSITY(microbes, algae, fungi and archegoniates)

- Gives the students basic understanding about different life forms like viruses, bacteria, algae, fungi, bryophytes, pteridophytes and gymnosperms.
- Students get general information about ecological and economic importance of these life forms.

Plant Ecology and Taxonomy

Course Learning Outcome:

- To understand the various approaches to the study of Ecology (Autecology, Synecology and Genecology).
- **4** Understand the population and community ecology.
- Basic understanding of the fragile nature of terrestrial environment and the impact of human activity on it.

- Environmental conservation processes and its importance, pollution control, bioremediation, global warming and climate change.
- **4** Understand plant communities and ecological adaptations in plants.
- **4** Conservation of biodiversity.
- **4** Understand the botanical regions of India and vegetation types.
- **4** Gain knowledge about Botanical Survey of India (BSI).
- **4** Briefly studied on herbarium techniques.
- **4** Learn the taxonomic evidences from molecular, numerical and chemicals.
- **Understand the concepts of plant taxonomy and classification of Angiosperms.**
- Understand various rules, principles and recommendations of plant nomenclature used in plant identification.

Plant Anatomy and Embryology

- **4** Understand the scope and importance of Anatomy.
- **Know various tissue systems.**
- **4** Impart information about various types of tissues.
- **4** Understand the structures of dicot and monocot root, stem, leaf.
- **4** Understand the normal and anomalous secondary growth in plants.
- **4** Understand the various floral parts and reproduction organs.
- **4** Understand the concepts of pollination and fertilization, endosperm and embryogeny.
- **4** Learn about double fertilization and their significance.
- **4** Structure and development of dicot and monocot embryo.
- **4** Structure of seed, fruit and their mode of dispersal.

Plant Physiology and Metabolism

Course Learning Outcome:

- **4** Impart an insight into the various plant-water relations.
- **4** To illustrates knowledge of mineral nutrition in plants.
- To understand the molecular mechanisms of various metabolic & physiological processes occurring in plants.
- **4** To acquire the knowledge about growth & development in plants.
- To equip students with skills & techniques related to plant physiology so that they will be able to address applied questions and issues such as agricultural concerns, management of threatened species and habitats and global changes.

Cell and Molecular Biology

Course Learning Outcome:

- **4** To introduce students to fundamental principles of cell biology.
- ↓ Distinguish between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- ↓ Describe the structures and functions of cell organelles.
- ↓ Describe the eukaryotic cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis.
- Discuss the most significant discoveries and theories through the historical progress of biological scientific discoveries and their impacts on the development of molecular biology.
- To understand basic molecular processes occurring in cells, with emphasis on the Central Dogma of Molecular Biology and the how flow of genetic information is regulated to control cell behavior.

Demonstrate the knowledge of common and advanced microscopy practices in cell and molecular biology.

Economic Botany and Biotechnology:

- **4** Economic botany helps the students to know about the uses of the plants.
- ↓ It gives the students information about different aspects like type of soil, weather conditions, improved varieties etc. so that final yield can be enhanced.
- **4** Biotechnology is one of the emerging and developing field in India.
- The scope of the subject is enormous as a lot of research is going in this area and by studying basic techniques at undergraduate level will surely help the students in the future.

Bio-fertilizers (SEC)

Course Learning Outcome:

- **4** To understand the need of bio-fertilizers in present scenario.
- ↓ Discuss the concept and classification of bio-fertilizers.
- To learn the methods & techniques to isolate, culturing and large scale production of Frankia, Rhizobium, Azspirillum, Azotobacter, Azolla.
- To know about Mycorrhiza VAM association, types, occurrence, collection, isolation and inoculum production
- Field-application of various bio-fertilizers.
- **4** To study the methods of organic farming.

Gardening and Floriculture (SEC)

Course Learning Outcome:

- By studying this course students know about different gardening and floriculture techniques.
- Different flowering plants and how to take their care etc.
 <u>Medicinal Botany and Ethnobotany (SEC)</u>

Course Learning Outcome:

- **4** Know about history and relevance of herbal drugs in Indian system of medicine
- Learn the macroscopic and microscopic characters, chemical constituents, adulterants, therapeutical and pharmaceutical uses of medicinal plants.
- ↓ Understand the techniques for drug evaluation (Chemical, Physical and Biological),
- + Phytochemical investigations, standardization and quality control of herbal drugs
- Know the technique of medicinal gardening Cultivation practices, marketing and utilization of selected medicinal plants
- **4** Understand the role of plants in human welfare.
- **4** Know importance of plants and plant products .
- **4** Understand the chemical contents of the plant products.

Mushroom Cultivation Technology (SEC)

Course Learning Outcome:

- The students will acquire sufficient academic experience and become selfemployed in the mushroom production.
- Students will understand the basic information on mushrooms.production and disease management of mushrooms

B.Sc. Physical Science

(Physics, Computer Science and Mathematics)

- 1. To produce employable IT workforce, that will have sound knowledge of IT and business fundamentals that can be applied to develop and customize solutions for Small and Medium Enterprises (SME).
- 2. To develop skilled manpower in the various areas of information technology like: Data base management, Software Development, Computer-Languages, Software engineering, Web based applications etc.

- 3. To prepare graduates who will have a successful professional career in software industry, government, academia, research, and other areas where computer applications are deployed.
- 4. To become a software entrepreneur.
- 5. To promote the use of open source technology.
- 6. To prepare broadly educated, ethical and responsible citizens.

Course Specific Outcomes

COMP101TH&PR Problem Solving Using Computer & Lab

- 1. The fundamentals of Computer
- 2. Various problem solving techniques
- 3. The basics and syntax of C programming
- 4. Array, Structure, Pointer and File concept
- 5. Create the solutions for various Real world Problems

COMP102TH&PR Office Automation Tools &Lab

- 1. To provide an in-depth training in use of office automation, internet and internet tools.
- 2. The course also helps the candidates to get acquainted with IT.
- 3. After completion of the course, students would be able to documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations and would be acquainted with internet.

COMP201TH Computer System Architecture

- 1. Describe the fundamental organization of a computer system
- 2. Explain the functional units of a processor
- 3. Explain addressing modes, instruction formats and program control statements

- 4. Distinguish the organization of various parts of a system memory hierarchy
- 5. Describe basic concept of parallel computing
- 6. Describe fundamentals concepts of pipeline and vector processing

COMP202TH&PR Database Management System &Lab

- 1. Describe the fundamental elements of relational database management systems
- 2. Explain the basic concepts of relational data model, entity-relationship model, relational database design, relational algebra and SQL.
- 3. Understand the normalization of databases through various case studies
- 4. Use of query optimization techniques, backup and recovery features of database management software
- 5. Create a new database and administer the database management software
- 6. Develop different web databases and object oriented database management system
- 7. Describe the usage of data mining tools

COMP203TH PHP Programming

- 1. Write PHP scripts to handle HTML forms. Outcome
- 2. Write regular expressions including modifiers, operators, and metacharacters.
- 3. Create PHP programs that use various PHP library functions, and that manipulate files and directories.

COMP301TH Operating System

1. Understand the basics of operating systems like kernel, shell, types and views of operating systems

- 2. Describe the various CPU scheduling algorithms and remove deadlocks.
- 3. Explain various memory management techniques and concept of thrashing
- 4. Use disk management and disk scheduling algorithms for better utilization of external memory.
- 5. Recognize file system interface, protection and security mechanisms.
- 6. Explain the various features of distributed OS like Unix, Linux, windows etc.

COMP302TH&PR Data Structure and File Processing & Lab

- 1. Perform operations on various discrete structures such as sets, functions, relations, and sequences.
- 2. Ability to solve problems using Counting techniques, Permutation and Combination, Recursion and generating functions.
- 3. Apply algorithms and use of graphs and trees as tools to visualize and simplify Problems.
- 4. Apply algorithms and use of graphs and trees as tools to visualize and simplify Problems.
- 5. Use of K-Maps and Truth Tables to construct and verify correctness of a Boolean expression.
- 6. Understand the various properties of algebraic systems like Rings, Monoids and Groups.

COMP303TH Software Engineering

- 1. Plan a software engineering process life cycle, including the specification, design, implementation, and testing of software systems that meet specification, performance, maintenance and quality requirements
- 2. Able to elicit, analyze and specify software requirements through a productive working relationship with various stakeholders of the project
- 3. Analyze and translate a specification into a design, and then realize that design practically, using an appropriate software engineering methodology.
- 4. Know how to develop the code from the design and effectively apply relevant standards and perform testing, and quality management and practice
- 5. Able to use modern engineering tools necessary for software project management, time management and software reuse.

2. B.A. (History, Political science, Geography, Economics, Hindi, Sanskrit, Public administration, English, Music, Tour and Travel, Journalism and Mass communication)

B.A. History

History subject has its own value in society and human life. It helps the students to develop their ethical and social value. They could gather knowledge about the heritage and tradition of their own country and the others. There is huge potentiality in future of a history student. Various options are opened to history students to choose their career. A history student may choose his or her career in journalism or any other editorial board. They may get job in museum, archives and libraries. Beside those, in the field of research and archaeology they may proceed.

COURSE OUTCOMES OF HISTORY

HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO C. AD.1206

Students of History can achieve knowledge regarding geographical background and sources with approaches to Ancient Indian History. They learn about pre and proto history of our country, emergence and growth of earlier dynasties like Maurya, Gupta and the empires in Post Maurya period as well as in Post Gupta period.

HISTORY OF INDIA C. AD. 1206-1707

The history of Delhi Sultanate is thoroughly described in this portion. Students can gather knowledge regarding Sultanate administration, socio-cultural –political situation of Delhi under Sultanate. The Mughal is a topic of controversy and attraction for their purse-proud to history lovers. Student can learn from this course how did Mughal polity, economy, trade, commerce, society, culture become so famous in medieval period.

HISTORY OF INDIA C. AD. 1707-1950

Students from history stream will get knowledge about the penetration, expansion and consolidation of British Rule in India. Students of History acquire knowledge about communal politics, partition in India in between 1947-1950.

MODERN AND CONTEMPORARY WORLD HISTORY

Students come to know about the emergence of Napoleon Bonaparte in Europe and his expansion, consolidation, downfall, Also know about Vienna Congress, Metternich, Bismarck and his diplomacy, system of alliances, 1917 Russian Revolution, Fascism, Nazism

and the origin of World War II. Students will gather knowledge about the impact of the Second World War on the International System like Cold War, emergence of third world, non-alignment, bipolar world through this course. The system of military and economic alliances, decline of European Imperialism, decolonization has been explained in this course

B.A. Political Science

This course provide learners with knowledge and skills needed to prepare for fashion level with deep knowledge in teaching, administrator, lawyer and political scientist etc. This program also provides basic knowledge of political education. It trains about the political and government at local, state national and global level. Political science organizes guest talk by scholar to encourage the students think critically and gives information about public life and politics. This department helps the students to take part in various programs conducted by the humanities department of the college and outside.

SUBJECT	OUTCOMES
Introduction to Political Theory	To understand the political theory and to have a knowledge about the significance of political theory.
Indian Government and politics	The study of Indian government and politics provides the whole knowledge of the Indian government and politics to the students. This encourages the students to think and analyse the politics of India
Comparative Government and politics	Comparision of the local, state and national government unable the students to make a comparison of different governments.
Introduction to international relations	It enable to the students to understand the relations of one nations with the others in the world for example collective security, balance of power etc. It studied about UNO which maintain the international peace and security
Legislative supports	It includes the knowledge of law, articles, rights and duties of the nations
Public opinion and survey	It enable the students to learn the ideas of great political thinkers of the ancient as well as modern time.

COURSE BA POLITICAL SCIENCE OUTCOMES

Themes in comparative political theory	To understand the comparative analysis of different government and political system of the countries like UK, USA, China, India, and Switzerland,
Democracy and governance	It helps to understand the students about the democratic setup and Indian government and state government.
Administration and public policy	It helps to understand about the structure of civil services and organizations and enable the students to have the knowledge about budget preparations and executions
Understanding globalization	It inculcate the knowledge of globalism and the sense of oneness, helpfulness at international level

B.A. Public Administration

- **<u>PROGRAM OUTCOME</u>**:-Students will be able to lead and manage in public governance.
- Students will participate in and contribute to the policy process.
- Students will be able to analyze, synthesize, think critically, solve problems, and make decisions.
- Students will articulate and apply a public service perspective.
- Students will be able to communicate and interact productively with a diverse and changing workforce and citizenry.
- <u>COURSE OUTCOME OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION</u>
- <u>SEM-I B.A I YEAR : Administrative theory and Indian administration</u>
- <u>BA I Year</u>
- Administrative theory and Indian administration
- * To understand the nature and scope of Public Administration;
- To appreciate the methodological pluralism and synthesizing nature of knowledge in Public Administration;
- * To comprehend the changing paradigms of Public Administration;
- * To acquaint with the theories, approaches, concepts and principles of PublicAdministration;
- To understand the administrative theories and concepts to make sense of Administrative practices.

* To Understand public administration theory and concepts from multiple perspectives;

- Role of civil service in Indian administration
- Role of UPSC,to understand the role of public service inredressal of citizen grievance <u>BA II year</u>
- Development administration, Administrative thinker
- * To Appreciate the nature, scope and changing paradigms of Public Administration;
- * To Understand the synthesizing nature of knowledge of public administration from public Perspective.
 - * Grasp the administrative theories, concepts and principles to make sense of Administrative
- Practices with emerging trends.
- * Understand the world of public administration from the public perspective and Provide foundation for further studies in Public Administration
- Role of NitiAayog , pupil participation in Public administration role of political parties

In the administrative thinker thought of <u>kautilya</u>,<u>MahatmaGandhi</u>,<u>F.W Taylor</u>,<u>Elton</u> <u>mayo</u>,<u>Max waver and Abraham Maslow</u> are to be elaborated to the students in this course

<u>BA III year</u>

Leadership style and Conflict management, stress and time management

- Role of leader in public administration and society
- Quality and function of leadership, conflict in an organisation type and level of conflict, criteria for the removal of conflict
- Role of stress in organisation, stress and health, effect of stress on health, workplace stress:major
- Identity the issue and challenges in functioning of public office

BA III year Local government in India, finical administrations

Constitutional provisions

<u>The 73</u>rd and 74th constitutional amendments adopted.in 1992 give recognition and protections to rural and urban local government respectively

<u>Financial-administration is a dynamic process, which falls into five well</u> defined divisions ,Namely :

- Preparation of the budget, i.e., of the estimates of the revenue and expenditure for
- The ensuing financial year, Getting these estimates passed by the Legislature called 'Legislation of the Budget',

- Execution of the budget, i.e., regulation of the expenditure and raising of revenue 1
- Treasury management, i.e., safe custody of the funds raised, and due Arrangement for the necessary payments to meet the liabilities;
- Rendering of the accounts by the executive and the audit of these accounts **BA III year**

GENERIC ELECTIVE , DISASTER MANAGEMENT, E-GOVERNANCE

- In the course of disaster management the students studied hazard, risk and vulnerabilities . It includes the role of NDRF and SDRF .
- In the E-GOVERNANCE it's implementation and effective governance emphasize in the India and HP

B.A. Economics

Economics gives an opportunity to the students to learn about the economy of India and world. It provides knowledge of economic affairs all over the world. Economics provide knowledge from where one rupee is coming and where it goes to. Economics gives knowledge to the students how the monetary and fiscal policies are working in the country. It also gives information about the working of industries. Economics provide information of employment, poverty, small scale industries, banking service etc.

Course specific learning outcome of BA Economics

Microeconomics:

Microeconomics provides the basic knowledge of economics, it origin and growth to the students. It also gives knowledge of price and output determination in the market.

Macroeconomics:

It gives knowledge to the students of macroeconomics aspects of economy like national income, employment, investment etc.

Indian Economy:

It provides important information about the Indian economy to the students. It also provides knowledge of poverty, unemployment, government policies, land reform, agriculture patterns in India.

International Economics:

International economis gives an opportunity to the students to understand the trade between different countries. It also provide us the knowledge of functions of international organizations WTO, WORLD BANK, ADB, G-20, SAARC etc

Elementary statistics:

It gives basic knowledge of statistics. A student after gaining knowledge of statistics can go for research in higher studies.

Public Finance:

Public finance gives an opportunity to the students to know the economic affairs of a government. A student can gain knowledge of budget, tax structure, fiscal policy, government expenditure with the help of public finance.

BA. Journalism and Mass Communication.

Students will develop communication skills, appreciation for creativity, critical thinking and analytical approach. Students will appreciate and demonstrate the ability to produce reliable outcomes firmly founded on socially responsible framework, backed with decent knowledge of media ethics and law and also students able to use internet, WWW, social media, social network society.

Principal of Communication : Student gains the basic knowledge about evolution of Principal and process of Communication.

Introduction to Radio and TV : Student gain the knowledge about theoretical and practical perspective of Radio and Television.

Introduction to Advertising and Public Relations : Student gains the basic knowledge about different types of Advertising/PR and Advertising and Public Relations skill.

New Media Communication : Student able to use Internet, WWW, Social Media, Social network Society.

Skill for New Media Communication : To be able to learn about skills of New Media and Internet Communication.

Community and Traditional Media : To be able to understand different modes of traditional Communication in use in different communities.

Introduction to Photojournalism : Students gain the basic knowledge about theoretical and Practical perspectives of Photojournalism.

B.A. Sanskrit

Sanskrit is recognised as "mother of all languages". If someone does notknow Sanskrit he is obviously missing something. Be cannot get the clear perspective of Vedas, Geeta,

Upanishad, Ramayana, Mahabharata Arth Shastra and many books which are till regarded as the finest piece by a large portion of our society. There is no Indian culture without Sanskrit language and Sanskrit language cannot exist without the association of Indian culture. "भारतस्यप्रतिष्ठा द्वे संस्कृतम् संस्कृतिस्था" it has been declare that the two aspects that are the pride of Indiaare its culture and Sanskrit language.

Course outcomes

*Unity and Diversity of India is well explained in Sanskrit literature.Reading Sanskrit literature would help improve all shades of knowledge

* Advanceknowledge of ancient Indian religion literature and history through the study of Sanskrit texts.

* Recognise and use the grammatical structures to read short text and to translate basic sentences into and out of Sanskrit.

* Students of Sanskrit courses can easily acquire wide knowledge and allowed them to be effective in their interpretations.

* Sanskrit students read to Sanskrit language can understand our rich culture and heritage.

- * Sanskrit has a perfect grammar and nicely built structure.
- * Reading Sanskrit prose and stories student can gain virus moral values.
- * Sanskrit students can know Vedic society, Vedic culture and traditions.

* Learning of Sanskrit grammar students clearly communicate in Sanskrit they can write and speak correctly.

* Shrimad Bhagavad Gita one of BA course has philosophies which can help students fight issues like anxiety and self doubt in students life .

* Ishavasyoupnishadone of BA course lessons student that enjoy life but do not get attached to the end results. Life is full of Darkness without self knowledge.

B.A. in Tourism And Travel Management

Upon completion of the degree requirements, students will be able

- To interpret the fundamental principles of essential travel and tourism business functions,
- To demonstrate professional behavior and competencies in customer service,
- To develop a range of leadership skills and abilities such as motivating others, leading changes, and resolving conflict,

- To communicate effectively in oral and written communication,
- To analyze and solve problems, using appropriate tools and technology,
- To recognize the challenges and opportunities of working effectively with people in a diverse environment.

Beside the above Graduates of the Bachelor of Tourism and Travel Management will be able to:

Theme 1: Context of Tourism

- Contextualize tourism within broader cultural, environmental, political and economic dimensions of society.
- Critique tourism practices for their implications locally and globally.

Theme 2: Knowledge of Tourism

- Interpret and evaluate tourism as a phenomenon and as a business system.
- Explain the diverse nature of tourism, including culture and place, global/local perspectives, and experience design and provision.
- Identify and assess relationships and networks relative to building tourism capacity.

Theme 3: Professional Skills

- Apply relevant technology for the production and management of tourism experiences.
- Plan, lead, organize and control resources for effective and efficient tourism operations.
- Create, apply, and evaluate marketing strategies for tourism destinations and organizations.
- Develop and evaluate tourism policy and planning initiatives.

Theme 4: Ethics and Values

- Demonstrate commitment to ethical practices of tourism.
- Actively engage in the world as global citizens.
- Practice empathy and respect for diversity and multicultural perspectives.

• Apply principles of sustainability to the practice of tourism in the local and global context.

Theme 5: Research

- Acknowledge one or more philosophical perspectives to knowledge creation.
- Evaluate and apply various research methods commonly used in the context of tourism.
- Propose and conduct a research project to inform tourism practice.

Theme 6: Communication

- Select and deploy task-appropriate forms of oral, written, digital, and graphic communication.
- Value and practice active listening, critical thinking, and critical reading.
- Distinguish and produce forms of communication relevant to academia, business, government, and industry.
- Assess, evaluate, and employ appropriate communication tools for discussions within and between teams and members, various audiences, decision-making teams, and corporate communication tasks.

Theme 7: Critical Thinking & Problem Solving

• Apply problem solving and critical analysis within diverse contexts.

Theme 8: Leadership & Teamwork

• Work collaboratively in groups, both as a leader and a team member, in diverse environments, learning from and contributing to the learning of others.

GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES IN SUBJECT

- Lifelong Learning: Update their subject knowledge and skills for continuous academic and professional growth.
- Disciplinary Knowledge: To have knowledge of their discipline and will attain professional and technical skills to effectively integrate knowledge with practice.

- Communication Skill: To equip them with verbal and written communication skills to be able to communicate with all the stakeholders confidently and with clarity.
- Cooperation/Team work: A graduate entrepreneur uses his creativity and applies strategic thinking to create effective business plans along with creative social opportunities to strengthen his coursework and build his professional network with real-world experience.
- Information/digital literacy: Demonstrates basic knowledge of computers and use of software's such as word, excel & power point.
- Self-directed learning: To take initiatives for some topics and identify resources and study material for additional learning, individually or in groups and to use the strategies to meet learning goals in self learning environment, under the guidance of the mentor.
- Research-related skills: To comprehend, consolidate, extend, apply and update their discipline's knowledge and skills for undertaking research proposals and continuous academic and professional growth.
- Problem solving: As a student in the program, one learns to work effectively as both a member and a leader in team problem-solving and decision-making situations, incorporate the perspectives and contributions of individuals from diverse groups to create inclusive work environments, demonstrate professional preparation and conduct to meet professional standards in business settings, and employ multiple mediums of communication in a variety of business settings to express, assimilate, and analyse information and ideas to facilitate collaboration and achieve goals.

BA Music

In our college music department is running classes up to graduation level. Both vocal music and instrumental classes are running. The department intends to raise the level of curriculum so that more students can seek admission into music course.

B.A. First Year

Basic Principles of Indian Music & Biographies of Musicians

Paper I MUSA 101

After the completing the course the students will have a knowledge of-

Students will be able to know the status of twelve swar's

Students will be able to understand the distance and difference between two swar's.

They will be able to know different ragas and their jatis

They will learn to play instruments Tanpura, Sitar, Tabla and Harmonium

Paper I Practical MUSA 102

Able to recite five alankaras in all ragas, sargam sangeet in two ragas and Lakshangeet in all ragas

Play five alankaras in all ragas especially in harmonium, play Drughat in all ragas and play basic technique on Mizrab's bol

Able to play Tanpura

Theory of Indian Music (General) & Biographies of Musicians

Paper II MUSA 103

After completing the course, the students will gain insights of-

The life sketch of famous musicians along with their contribution in music such as Pt. Jaidev, Pt. Ravishankar etc.

Able to know Ragas (Yaman, Bhoopali & Bihag) and Tala (Ektal Jhaptal)

The Vakra Swara, Varjit Swara

Paper II Practical MUSA 104

Students will able to recite Ragas (Yaman, Bhoopali & Bihag) and Tala (Ektal Jhaptal)

The students will be able to play Sargam Sangeet in Harmonium

B.A. Second Year

Theory of Indian Music, Ancient Granthas & Contributions of Musicologists

Paper III MUSA 201

After completing the course, the students will have Knowledge of-

Writing along with notation of different Raag's of the syllabus

A knowledge of different Ragas (Raga-Maru-Bihag, Malkunas, Vridavani Sarang)

Paper III Practical MUSA 202

Able to sing Vilambit Khyal, Madhya Laya Khyal in Ragas Maru-Bihag, Malkunas, Vridavani Sarang

Able to recite Thekas, Dugun & Chaugun of Chautala, Dhamar & Roopak

Playing of Harmonium with Alankaras and Bhajans

Theory of Indian Music, Medivial Granthas & Contribution of Musicians & Musicologists

Paper IV MUSA 203

After completing the course, the students will have Knowledge of-

Ragas (Raga Bageshree, Jaunpuri, Miyan Malhar) and Talas (Chautala, Rupak & Kherva)

The life sketch of famous musicians along with their contribution in music (Vidushi Kishori Amonkar, Pt. Nikhil Banerjee, Ustad Vilayat Khan

Paper IV Practical MUSA 204

Able to sing Vilambit Khyal, Madhya Laya Khyal in Ragas, Raga Bageshree, Jaunpuri, Miyan Malhar

Able to recite Chautala, Rupak & Kherva

Playing of Harmonium with National Anthem and Himachali Folk Songs

B.A. Third Year

Theory of Indian Music, and study of Ancient Granthas & Ragas Paper DSE I-A

After completing the course, the students will have Knowledge of-

Folk Music of Himachal

Modern Trends going in music

Stinged Instruments used in Hindustani Classical Music

Biography of Pt. Bhim Sen Joshi & Lata Mangeshkar

Able to know Das Prans of Taal

Paper I-A Practical

Able to sing Vilambit Khyal in any of Ragas

Madhya Laya Khyal in all Ragas, Dhrupad in any of Raga Able to recite Thekas, different layakaris of Teentala, ektala, Chautala,dadra Theory of Indian Music and Gharanas Tradition Paper DSE I-B After completing the course, the students will have Knowledge of-Nibadha, anibadha, prabadha, varna, chorus and orchestra Basic knowledge of Tabla & Pakkawaj Thumri, tappa, dadra and chaturung music types Paper Practical I-B Able to sing Vilambit Khyal in any of Ragas prescribed Madhya Laya Khyal in all Ragas, Dhrupad in any one of Raga Able to recite Tilwada, japtila, Dhamar, Roopak and Kherva Able to sing Bhajans with harmonium Knowledge of five films songs each in Raags, Bhairavi & Malkauns

BA Geography

Geography with its multidisciplinary approach has been structured by keeping in mind the specific educational and professional goals of the students. By the end of the first year of the programme, the students will be able to understand the general concepts of physical geography and cartography. After the completion of second year students can easily differentiate between the two main branches of geography i.e. physical geography and human geography. Along with this students will be having the basic knowledge of human environment relationship, regional planning and remote sensing. At the end of the third year or after completing the course, the students will be having the essential understanding of Indian geography, disaster management, GIS and field work which amply prepared them for professional careers in geography and allied disciplines like GIS and remote sensing.

COURSE SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

1. Physical Geography

After completing the course the students will be having the basic knowledge of-

- Definition and scope of physical geography
- Solar system, tidal theory and big bang theory of earth's origin
- Rocks classification and their characteristics
- Internal structure of earth, theory of plate tectonics
- Weathering and its types
- Fluvial cycle of erosion
- Structure and composition of atmosphere, heat balance, pressure and wind systems
- Tropical cyclones, monsoon, koppen's climatic classification
- Hydrological cycle, bottom relief features of Pacific Ocean, tides and currents.

2. Cartography

After completing the course the students will have the basic understanding of-

- Map: its definition, classification and significance
- Scale: its definition, importance and types
- Map projections
- Data representation methods like line graph, bar diagrams, Isopleth, Choropleth, Dot method, Climograph and Hythergraph

3. Human Geography

At the end of the course students will be having the apprehension of-

- Contemporary relevance of human geography and its major sub-fields
- World distribution of population, density and growth
- Demographic transition theory
- Classification and world distribution of human races, major religions and major languages
- Types and patterns of rural and urban settlements
- Trends and patterns of world urbanization

4. Environmental Geography

After the completion of course students will be having the general insight of-

- Definition and scope of environmental geography
- Meaning and components of environment
- Concept, components and functions of ecosystem
- Human-environment relationship
- Biomes of mountain and desert regions

- Environmental problems and biodiversity loss
- Environmental management initiatives like environmental protection act, 1982, environmental policy of India (2006) and chipko movement

5. Regional Planning and Development

After the completion of the course students will be having the understanding of-

- Definition and characteristics of regional planning
- Concept of regionalization
- Growth pole theory and core periphery model
- Regional development initiatives like integrated tribal development programme (itdp) and damodar valley corporation(dvc)

6. Remote Sensing and GPS

Course will enable the students to understand the fundamental concepts of-

- Remote sensing
- Aerial photography
- Satellite remote sensing
- Bases of visual interpretation of remote sensing images
- Global positioning system (gps)

7. Geographic information system

Course will enable the students to understand the fundamental concepts of-

- Geographic information system (GIS)
- GIS data types and data structures
- Concept of geo-referencing and spatial referencing system
- Editing and attribute data integration
- GIS based exercises on geo-referencing, sub-setting, extraction of land use/land cover and thematic mapping

8. Field Techniques & Survey Based Project Report

After the completion of course students will be having the general comprehension of-

- Importance of field work in geographical studies
- Role, value and ethics of field-work
- Various field techniques and their merits and demerits
- Questionnaires (open/ closed / structured / non-structured)
- Interview with special focus on focused group and space survey
- Designing and writing the field report

9. Geography of India

After completing the course the students will be having the basic knowledge of-

- Location and major physiographic region of India
- Climate and soils of India
- Population size, distribution, density and growth since 1901
- Literacy, sex ratio
- Rural and urban settlement types and patterns
- Power and mineral resources of India
- Agriculture and industries of India

10. Disaster Management and Disaster Risk Reduction

At the end of the course students will be able to understand the basic concepts of-

- Hazards, risk, vulnerability and disasters
- Natural disasters such as landslide, earthquake, and cyclone
- Human induced disasters such as forest fire and road accidents
- Disaster management phases like mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery
- Community based disaster management
- NDMA and NIDM
- do's and don'ts during disasters

11. Economic Geography

After completing the course students will be able to comprehend the-

- Approaches and fundamental concepts of economic geography
- Agriculture locational theory of Von Thunen
- Industrial location theory of Weber
- Economic activities such as primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary
- Major industrial regions of eastern north American region and western European region
- Major oceanic routes of Atlantic, Pacific and Indian ocean
- Concept of international trade

12. Sustainability and Development

At the end of the course students will be able to understand the basic concepts of-

- Sustainability
- Sustainable development need and its realization in Indian context
- The millennium development goals

- National strategies and international experiences
- Inclusive development
- Role of higher education in achieving sustainability
- Policies and global cooperation for climate change
- Sustainable development policies and programmes
- Financing for sustainable development
- National environmental Policy

BA Hindi

quality which helps them in their future life to achieve the expected goals.

- realization of human values
- sense of social service .
- responsible and dutiful citizen
- critical temper
- creative ability

Program Specific Outcomes B.A. (Hindi) on completion of

B.A(Hindi), Students are able to:

1. To understand the basic concept and subject of Hindi & its origin.

2. To understand various aspect of Hindi literature with a process to reach method and giving new mode and direction.

- 3. To make a attempt in different area and theory such as vocabulary and vice versa.
- 4. To understand in the literature more in a border areas then Mary confined to subject.
- 5. To know about Hindi literature its roots cause perspective and methods.
- 6. Elaborating and understanding philosophical methods of Hindi literature.
- 7. Evaluating the concept of Hindi from past to present and making society more closely through literature.

Paper Name: functional Hindi

On completion of the course, Students are able to

- 1. To able to understand various forms of functional Hindi according to its area and application.
- 2. To able to understand the importance of translation.
- 3. To able understand various forms of writing in media.
- 4. To able to understand the concept of information technology.
- 5. To able to use study material from website of Hindi literature
- 6. To able to understand the role information technology in employment generation.

PaperName: - History of Hindi literature

On completion of the course Students are able to:

1. To able to understand the origin of Hindi language and its literature

- 2.To able to understand identify the dialects of Hindi language family
- 3.To able to analyse the development of Khariboli of Hindi.
- 4. To able to understand the concept of History of literature.

5.To able to understand the basic of classification of Hindi literature.

Paper Name – Linguistic, Hindi language and Hindi grammar

On completion of the course ,Students are able to

1.To able to understand the concepts of linguistic.

2.To able to understand different flows of Hindi language (Rajbhasha, kshetribhasha).

3. To able to understand the introductorily concept of Hindi grammar.

4.To able to understand the importance of linguistic.

5.To able to understand the origin and development of Hindi language

6.To able to understand the different forms of khariboli (Hindi, Urdu).

BA English

After the completion of this programme the student will have : ability to gain proficiency in communication and other soft skills.

- : The knowledge of various genres of literature.
- :Knowledge of foundation texts of literature in English
- :Understanding the basic advanced grammar of English and grasp basic linguistic skills used in works of literature.
- :Understanding the development of English language.
- : Use of English effectively in formal and informal situations.
- : The confidence to appear for competitive exams for getting jobs in industry and govt. sector.

Course Outcomes

Writing Skills AECC

- : Increases confidence in the ability of students to read comprehends.
- : Increases vocabulary through the study of word parts.
- : uses standard grammar, punctuation and spelling.
- : Develops ideas with coherence and cohesion.

English Literature.1

: Deals with understanding of aesthetic, moral and cultural trends of literature.

: Gains understanding of the unique aspects of the diverged literatures of the world.

:Deals with prose and poetry of different countries of Europe.

British Literature (Play and Novel)

: Gains understanding of various trends of drama

- : Provides framework for understanding the culture of England.
- : provides social and cultural knowledge of people of England in 19th cen.

Translation Studies and Principles of Translation

- : Deals with the different approaches to translation.
- : Provides knowledge of different methods of translation such as meta-phrase ,para- phrase and imitation.
- : Deals with problems of translation.

Literary Cross-Currents.

:Deals with modern poems and short stories.

: Provides information about modern Indian translated stories and play.

Technical Writing AEEC/SEC

- Provides understanding of features of technical writing, methodology project report, data analysis etc.
- : Provides proficiency in language skills.

Business Communication

- : Deals with basic forms and barriers of communication.
- :Gives understanding of writing skills and modern communication.
- : Develops the knowledge of non-verbal aspects of communication.

<u>Soft Skills</u>

:Provides the understanding of listening skills

:Deals with the characteristics of team work, emotional intelligence and adaptability. :Throws light on the features of problem solving and interview skills.

Academic Writing and Composition.

- : Represents types of academic writing.
- : Develops the features and conventions of academic writing.
- : Deals with process of academic writing, critical thinking and paragraph writing.

Compulsory English

:Deals with English poetry and Indian short stories.

:Provides the understanding of determiners ,prepositions, verb forms ,phrasal verbs and comprehension.

3. B.Com

This course aimed at to increase the capability of the students at professional level with deep knowledge in Accounting, Income Tax, Management, Finance and Indian Economy. Course is also enabling to meet the present demand of different corporate entities to provide employment opportunities for the students. Students will provide themselves in different competitive exams like C.S, MBA, C.A as well as Banking, Insurance and Civil Services. This course also provide practical skills by various subjects and students get subject skills to work as a tax assistant, auditor, tax consultant, investment planner, security advisor etc.

COURSE SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

SUBJECT	OUTCOMES
Financial Accounting	Students gain the basic knowledge of accounting concepts and conventions, journal, ledger, trial balance and balance sheet.
	Students are enabled with practical knowledge of accounting software packages like Tally etc.
Business Statistics and Mathematics	Students gain practical skills by applying different statistical tools and techniques like measures of

	average, correlation and regression, Index number
	etc.
	Students will be able to do their research in this particular field.
Management Accounting	Student learns different types of activity based management tools through the preparation of estimates.
	Calculate various accounting ratios, reports and relevant data.
Income Tax Law and Practice	It aimed at acquire practical knowledge and equip students with applications of Income Tax Act, 1961 and the relevant rules.
	To complete the income tax returns procedure Applying an understanding of the common penalties of income tax act.
Business organization and management	To provide wide knowledge regarding management functions and different forms of business organizations.
	Understand the importance of principles of management
Corporate Accounting	To gain the basic knowledge of corporate accounting and learn the techniques of preparing financial statements.
	Students learns share capital, valuation of share and goodwill and the concept of holding company.
Cost Accounting	Students learn cost control and how to minimizing the wastages.
	It attained helps in reducing the wastage during the manufacturing process and improves efficiency.
E- Commerce	Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of E-commerce
	Analyze the impact of E-commerce on business models and strategy.
	Discuss the various legal issues in E-commerce.
Computer Applications in Business	To acquaint students with practical aspects by using word, excel and power point.
	To understand the different types applications of

	software.
International Business	Identify the characteristics of various international trade theories
	Role of foreign trade policy in context of Indian business houses.
Business Law	It impart basic knowledge of the important business legistations and it includes general principal of law of contract, the sales of goods act1930, the negotiable instrument act, 1881.
	Students learn the practical aspect regarding these laws.
Entrepreneurship	Enable students to understand entrepreneurship development, awareness on various entrepreneurship development programme, knowledge of entrepreneurial skills.
Company Law	To impart students the knowledge of Company Act, 2013 and provision of these act.
	Students learn about the new concepts of Company Act, 2013 like one man company, key managerial personnel
Indian Economy	Classify the concept of economic growth and development
	Learn the concept of NITI Aayog and difference between planning commission and NITI Aayog
	Know the main aspects of Human Capital Formation
Principles of Microeconomics	It intends to explore the students to basic principles in microeconomics theory and illustrate with applications.
	Student learns about market structure like perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic competition and oligopoly.
Fundamentals of Financial Management	Demonstrate the applicability of the concept of financial management to understand the managerial decision and capital structure.
	Understand the EBIT-EPS Analysis associate with leverage

	Demonstrate how risk is assessed
Corporate governance and Auditing	Student learns application of auditing principles in present business operations
	Demonstrate awareness and practices of auditing principles
	It enables student to acquire knowledge of different types of auditing functions and procedures

4. BCA

Bachelor in Computer Application (**BCA**) is an undergraduate degree **course** in computer applications. ... Bachelor in Computer Application (**BCA**) is one of the popular courses among the students who want to make their career in the IT (Information Technology) field.

- i) **Computer Programming**: With the advancement in technology over the years, the ability to code is becoming increasingly important. There are so many benefits of coding for students that go much beyond the use of a computer. While many people see coding as a highly technical skill, it is, in fact, another form of literacy, like a new language but for computers. Living in the 21st-century, children are growing up in a digital era, and coding is a skill that can be used every day.
- **ii) Digital Electronics:** With the vast and rapid growth of the internet, digital media channels like facebook, twitter, Instagram, linkedin, etc. have now become one of the new communication channels that allow personal interaction. Computer and mobile applications have played an active role in the digital revolution, especially in the recent years. All these applications like facebook, twitter, snapchat, etc. are made possible all thanks to coding and programming, which is the language of computers and the digital world.
- **iii) Data Base Management System :** The DBMS class teaches students to create and maintain their own database systems using software readily available in the industry such as Oracle or MS Access. It also provides knowledge on theoretical concepts like relational algebra and query processing.
- **iv) Data Structures:** Data structures and algorithms play a major role in implementing software and in the hiring process as well. A lot of students and professionals have this question that why these companies' interviews are focused on DSA instead of language/frameworks/tools specific questions?
- v) Desktop Publishing and Design: Desktop publishing is a technology skill used every time a publication is created. *Desktop publishing* involves using the computer to create visual displays of ideas and information by combining images and text to produce an attractive layout and design to effectively communicate a

message. Common publications include brochures, postcards, newsletters, flyers, and posters.

vi) Mathematics-I

On the successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Reason mathematically about basic discrete structures such as numbers, sets, relations used in computer science.
- Familiar with determinants and matrices
- Prove trigonometric identities, apply addition, subtraction, double angle and half angle formulas and solve applied problems.
- Calculate the distance between two points and determine the equation of a straight line using point slope form, the slope intercept form and the normal form.
- Compute limit, derivatives, definite and indefinite integrals of various mathematical functions.

vii) Mathematics-II

On the successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Find the higher order derivative of product of two functions.
- Define and interpret the concept of divisibility, greatest common divisor, least common multiple, and prime numbers.
- Define and analyze groups, semi groups, order of an element, cyclic groups.
- Access properties implied by definitions of rings and fields.

viii) Mathematics-III

On the successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Define differential equation, ordinary differential equation, find order and degree of differential equation.
- Find the complimentary function and particular integrals of linear differential equation.
- Compute sums, products, quotients, conjugate, modulus and argument of complex numbers.

- Write complex number in polar form.
- Understand the definitions of congurences, residue classes and least residues.
- Solve linear congurences and system of diophantine equations.

iX) Numerical Methods

On the successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Derive numerical methods for approximating the solution of problems of continuous mathematics.
- Analyze the error incumbent in any such numerical approximation.
- Compare the reliability of different approaches to numerical solution of problems arising in roots of solution of non -linear equations, interpolation and approximation, numerical differentiation and integration, solution of linear systems.
- 5. BBA

A Bachelor of Business Administration course, or usually referred to as a BBA course, enables a student to enter the different disciplines of finance and management.

The focus of the BBA syllabus is to impart information in the form of case studies, projects, presentations, industrial visits and engagement with industry experts through real world experience.

The curriculum gives a student enough exposure and tactics to ace in people and business management.

A student can either go for professional degrees, such as MBA, MBEPGDBM, and MMS, or start working right out of college. He has an equal opportunity to go for civil services exams, CDS SSC and allied services exams.

Course	Course Name	Outcome/s
Number		
101	Environmental Science	To make students to gain insights about the environmental issues such as global warming, pollution problems and problems of deforestation etc.
102	FundamentalofManagement&Organizational Behaviour	To inculcate knowledge among students about underlying principles of management Studying organizational behaviour they can

103	Statistics of Business Decisions Entrepreneurship	learn about what type of leadership style and attitude needed to run the organization and they also learn how organizational politics can build and ruin the organization Students learn how statistics principles can be appliedto reduce costs, to reduce uncertainty in businesses. To inculcate entrepreneurial skills among
	Development	students To provide them knowledge about the various funding schemes being provided by govt. and other financial institutions
201	Business Communication	To train the students in communication skills effectively
202	Managerial Economics	Students can gain insights about the various market structures such as monopoly, oligopoly, perfect competition To provide them knowledge about the various determinants of demand and supply prevailing in the market
203	Business Accounting	Students learn the basic rules of debit and credit and on the basis of them they learn to prepare the journal, ledger and balance sheet of the business They learn to make comparative statements which helps to know the financial position and profitability of the business
204	Ethics & Corporate Social Responsibility	To make students aware of different CSR rules and CSR activities of the business incorporated under Companies Act, 2013
301	Macroeconomics	Students gain knowledge about concepts of National Income, Constituents of National Income &Learn How to Calculate National Income They learn how monetary policies and fiscal policies have influence on economy They gain insights about foreign exchange, foreign reserves and balance of payments
302	Principles of Marketing	Students come to know how marketing concept originated, how product is developed and marketed in different markets They come to know pricing and marketing and advertising strategies in order to capture market share

303	Management Accounting	Students learn which budgetary decision is appropriate and what are the different costs associated with the business They learn which are the costs that needed to be controlled
304	India's Diversity & Business	To provide the students' knowledge how topography, caste system, culture, race and religion can have influence on the business
305	Personality Development & Communication Skills	To groom students for corporate world by way of dressing style, gait style and effective communication style.
401	Business Research	To stimulate in students an interest in research and to initiate them to apply the research methodologies to business problems.
402	Human Resource Management	The students can gain insights how human resources are the best assets of the organization, what are the strategies that help to retain the best assets with the organization and how these assets add value to the organization.
403	Financial Management	To make students to differentiate between wealth maximization and profit maximization concepts, they learn about long term investment decisions and what are the risks associated and how to avoid them. To provide them knowledge of shares and how dividend policies are decided by business organizations
404	Tax Planning	To provide knowledge to students how tax is calculated at personal level and corporate levels, what are the consequences of tax evasion, how tax helps in generating revenues to the government
405	IT Tools in Business	Students gain knowledge about worksheets, word processing, power point presentations and databases that is used in business world to show growth charts, sales volumes, demographic, attitudinal and psychographic data etc.
501	Quantitative Techniques for Management	The students learn how optimization model can find best price strategy, by studying game theory they learn what is the best strategy to be opted against rivals, they learn how to transport a single commodity from a number of sources by studying transportation problems.

502	Legal Aspects of Business	To inculcate knowledge about the various laws enacted to conduct the business such as Indian Contracts Act, 1872. Companies Act, 2013, Consumer Protection Act, 1986, RTI Act, 2005 etc.
503 DSE-I	Investment Banking & Financial Services	Students gain insights about Indian banking system, IPOs, securities and credit rating agencies such as CRISIL etc. their functioning and what are the challenges ahead to them.
503 DSE-II	Consumer Behaviour	The students learn how consumer mind is different when he goes for purchase decision, how peer group and family have influence on his buying decision, how he uses his reference groups for purchase decisions.
503 DSE-III	HRD: Systems and Strategies	Students learn how HRD practices and HRM practices are corelated and how they are different. How balanced scorecards and competency mapping are used as strategies in HRD systems.
503DSE-IV	International Trade: Policies and Strategies	To make students to have understanding of GATT, WTO and Regional Trade Blocks such as BRICS, ASEAN, SAARC, NAFTA, EU etc. and what are the trade relations of India with them.
504 DSE-I	Investment Analysis & Portfolio Management	The students learn how investor can have maximum return on his investment and what are principles and theories associated with it.
504 DSE-II	Retail Management	The students are provided with the knowledge of trend going in retail sector, various formats of retailing in India (from street vendor to exclusive stores).
504 DSE-III	Training and Management Development	The students gain knowledge about the various training methods and which is the best fit method as per the organizational needs. The know role of OD expert in bringing transformation in the organization through planned interventions.
504 DSE- IV	Global Business Environment	The students are being provided knowledge about macroeconomic variables (such as savings, investment, fiscal policy, monetary policy & income) that have influence on global business.
601	Business Policy & Strategy	This subject makes students to have

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		knowledge how vision, mission, goals and objectives are set for business and how they are accomplished. They come to know which type of grand strategy is appropriate at different stages of business. At what stage mergers and acquisitions strategies are
<0 0		beneficial.
602	Financial Institutions & Markets	Students learn about RBI and its role in regulation of banking and financial institutions. They have better understanding of stock exchanges and their working.
603 DSE-I	Project Appraisal & Analysis	Students learn how detailed project report is made after feasibility analysis (financial, technical & operational feasibility, market feasibility).
603 DSE-II	Distribution & Supply Chain Management	The students are given knowledge of logistics system and what are the different channels associated to it. They learn about marketers, wholesalers and retailers and end users.
603 DSE-III	Performance and	The students are given insights how
	Compensational	performances is associated with
	management	compensation and what are the various
		compensation plans given by management thinkers to calculate the performance. How pay packages and other benefits are decided, the knowledge is given.
603 DSE-	Multinational Business	The role of IMF, World bank, ADB and
IV	Finance	OECD is made clear to students with respect
		to Indian economy. Flow of capital in terms
		of FDI and FII is provided so that they have
		better understanding how it influence an economy.
604 DSE-I	Project Report	Students gain Practical & Field Experience of Financial Management Topics
604 DSE-II	Project Report	Students gain Practical & Field Experience of Marketing Topics
604 DSE-III	Project Report	Students gain Practical & Field Experience of Human Resource Management Topics
604 DSE-	Project Report	Students gain Practical & Field Experience of
IV		International Business Topics

6. PGDCA

PGDCA stands for Post Graduate Diploma in Computer Application. It is a one-year post graduate diploma in the field of computer science. The **course** is usually divided into two semesters, each of six months duration. Is choosing a Postgraduate Diploma in Computer Applications (PGDCA) over other professional courses is a good decision? One of the very important reasons can be the lesser duration of the course. In comparison with M.Tech, MCA, MBA, or any other master's degree, PGDCA is a one-year academic course. PGDCA is one such course that provides multiple opportunities to the students both within the country as well as abroad. After successful completion of the course, the students may go on to pursue higher studies as well. They may conduct research activities in various fields like machine learning and artificial intelligence. On studying any of the courses after qualifying PGDCA, one will not only have a blooming career in terms of earning a good scale of pay in a relevant field but also will have a better understanding and grip of the subject. The students in some cases may also get direct entrance in the 2nd year of Master of Computer Applications with this diploma.

7. M.A. Political science

The department of political science is dedicated to promote teaching and research in diverse field of political science including Indian politics and international relations human rights while maintain the scholarship in some of the conventional fields like political theory and political philosophy. The learning outcome of the program as under:

- 1. To develop comprehensive understanding of the subject by teaching both conventional and new areas of relevance in the domain of political theory and philosophy, Indian politics comparative politics, public administration and international politics.
- 2. To develop comprehensive and interdisciplinary knowledge by emphasizing interlinkages between various political, economic and social issues and challenges.
- 3. To generate socially-informed knowledge and cater to the educational upliftment of marginalized communities through papers like human rights, Political Ideas in Modern India and Women and politics in India
- 4. To develop theoretically rich and empirically grounded knowledge
- 5. To motivate and inform students about the opportunities and future prospects in the field
- 6. To develop the overall personality of students and prepare them to compete and succeed in their endeavors
- 7. To provide a progressive, healthy and vibrant environment to its students as well as teachers for the purpose of developing a department known for its academic and intellectual pursuit.

8. To inculcate the values of tolerance, progressiveness and fraternity that contributes towards the making of healthy and prosperous society.

Course specific Outcomes: MA Political Science

SUBJECT	OUTCOMES
Western Political Thought: Plato to Bodin	Students are taught notion of permanence and change, Plato view on state, justice, communism, education and philosopher-king. Plato: totalitarian or democrat. Aristotle's critic you of Plato, views of state Government, slavery, propriety, revolution and maintain constitution stability. Machiavelli on power, politics states crafts, Bodin views on state and sovereignty
Government and Politics in India	Students enable to get the knowledge of historical legacies and their impact on politics of post- independence period. Election, Electoral politics, centre-state relations development studies, secularism in India and future democracy.
Comparative Politics	Students enable to understand meaning nature or scope of comparative politics, comparative method, political participation. Theories of ruling class and political elites in US, UK, Russia and India
International Politics	Students, after completing the course will developed the detailed understanding of theories and approaching of ideology, national powers, national interest, neo-colonialism foreign policy and diplomacy
Western Political Thought: from Hobbes to Marx	Upon its completion students will be able to understand the Hobbes theory of sovereignty, Individualist and Precursor of markets society Locke's theory of property and philosophical ambiguities, Rousseau views on human nature, social contact and political obligations. Benthom theory of utilitarianism, J.S MILL: View on liberty Hegals on Dialectical idealism or Marx on Alienation and Liberation
Recent trends in Indian Politics	Students will be enabled to understand the Coalition politics, Political process in India problem of Government. Emergence of regional forces etc.
Emerging world order	This course helps to understand the globalization, realization, discrimination. Decollation, arms race disarmament, discrimination and hegemony.
Indian Political thought	Students are enriched by reading Vedic period: Mahabharata, Shantiparam. Kautilya kingship. Vivekananda ideas on n nationalism and Arvindogosh and Gandhi thoughts.

Regional Politics in India	By doing this course, students will understand the
	regional political parties, pressure groups, state
	government
Theories of nationalism and processes	Students are capable to understand national
of national building	building theories with reference to Russia China
	and Cuba. Problems in national buildings also
	discussed British German and America also
	taught.
India's foreign policies and relations	Students are taught foreign policies, Indias
	relations with USA, China, Russia. India and
	NAM, UNO also discussed. Nuclear issues and
	India's security, neighboring state, Pakistan
	Srilanka, Nepal, Bangladesh.
Modern Indian Political thought	Students got the knowledge of Bhagatsing
	Subhash Chanderbosh, M N Roy, Nehru Lohia,
	Ambedkar and J P Naryan's thought and
	contribution
Politics in South Asia	Students, after reading this course got the
	knowledge of political elites, pressure groups,
	legislature executive judiciary and bureaucracy
	and electoral system in South Asia with reference
	to SAARC.
Society, Economy politics in HP	Students enriched with the knowledge of area
Society, Leonomy ponces in m	population and climate, agriculture business, trade
	and industry. Pressure groups, Panchyati Raj,
	Vegetable and Apple grower associations Students
	politics- ABVP, SFI, NSUI etc.
	pointes- ADVI, SII, NSOI etc.
Public International laws	Students are taught international laws municipal
i uone mitemational laws	Students are taught international laws, municipal law, international laws, Individual and human
	rights. Law Piece and law of war and law of
Delitical Design of Jacobard	neutrality.
Political Economy of development	Students after reading this course, are aware of
	economic crisis, Social democratic and Marxian
	theories.

8. M.A. Economics

Learning outcome of MA Economics

The role of economics is widespread aand it flanks to the each and every walk of human life. Economics provide knowledge of consumer behavoiur which changes time to time Economics by introducing rational consumer in the field of consumption, production, anddistribution. The students of economics can go for higher studies in the field of economics, business economics, banking services. The subject matter of economics cover the fields of agriculture, industry, public finance, development and planning, international trade functions of international organisation. The MA Economics degree gives opportunity to the students to crack the competitive examination in in the field of banking sector, railway services, IES, etc.

After completing MA Economics students can proceed their research work in the the field of economics.

Course specific outcome of MA Economics

- **1. Microeconomics :** Microeconomics give students the basic knowledge of economics and also provide the knowledge of price and output determination in the market.
- **2. Macroeconomics**: It provides the knowledge of macro aspects of the economy eg National Income, Investment multiplier,
- **3.** Public Finance: Public Finance make us awre of the budget and its implementation , fiscal policy, tax structure, government expenditure, government revenue, fiscal deficit, budget deficit etc.
- **4. Indian Economy:** Indian economy gives the knowledge of economy of India, poverty, unemploymemt, Green revolution, land reform in India.
- **5. Labour Economics**: It provides the knowledge of labour force in India and it's working in Indiana economy. Role of labour in the economic development of India.
- **6.** International Economics: The international economics gives us the knowledge of international trade. How international trade effects the economic development of a country. How international organization plays their role in international trade.
- **7. Statistics**: It play an important role in the analysis of economy on the data basis. Data repersatation of economic indicators nad presentation of data. It also help the students in the research work in the field of economics.